

MARKED FIRST BATTLE OF WAR

Monument Erected at Bethel, Where First Confederate Was Killed.

CAROLINA AND VIRGINIA JOINED

Governor Montague and J. Bryan Grimes Speaks Patriotic Words.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
HAMPTON, Va., June 10.—The forty-fourth anniversary of the battle of Bethel was celebrated on the battlefield to-day amidst a gathering of about two thousand people, composed largely of residents of the peninsula, representing all classes, with a few survivors of the battle from North Carolina, Richmond, Newport News, Hampton, Norfolk and Portsmouth, who were members of the commands in the engagement.

The Richmond party consisted of Wm. J. Baker, who helped carry Wyatt off the field when he fell mortally wounded; W. D. Brown and W. H. Wise, of Company A; W. B. Whitlock and Sidney R. Gates, of Company B; A. L. Phillips, of Company D; Jesse P. Throckmorton, of Company G; Wm. H. Holmes, W. C. Smith and C. P. Young, of Company H; Charles Baker and Wm. F. Lintz, of Company K, of the Fifteenth Virginia Infantry; J. Blythe Moore and Wm. H. McCarthy, of the Second Howitzers; W.



MISS MAGGIE TABB, of York County, who represented the Virginia Confederates at the unveiling of the Bethel monument.

L. Jennings, of the First North Carolina, and Messrs. J. T. Christian, J. Taylor, John A. Cartwright, Wm. H. Curtis, Jim Phillips, Frank Cunningham and Mrs. Wm. E. Trahern, Miss Marie Curtis, Miss Mary Curtis, Miss Daisy Hancock, and Mrs. J. R. Gill.

The Military.

The Edgecomb Guard, of North Carolina, and the Peninsula Guard, of Hampton, were the military companies in attendance. The arrangements were carried out according to programme with the exception that the Edgecomb Guard failed for some reason to fire a salute as billed. Major E. A. Semple, of Hampton, was master of ceremonies, which were opened with prayer by Rev. A. C. Hopkins, of Hampton, followed by an address of welcome by Major Thornton E. Jones, of Hampton, addressed by Rev. E. Penelton Jones, of Hampton; Mr. Paul Jones, of North Carolina. The latter spoke in glowing terms of the gallant deeds of the sons of the Old North State and did not forget to give Virginia her due share of praise.

Unveiling.

The monument was then unveiled by Miss Maggie Tabb, of York County, Va., and Miss Frances Kyle, of North Carolina, while the band played Dixie. Governor Montague was then presented to the audience and introduced his remarks with a graceful allusion to the ladies through whose efforts the monument had been erected and the sentiment that inspired it: spoken in eloquent terms of the intrepid hill and the knightly McGruder, the brave Wyatt and the gallant Randolph and other heroes of Bethel. North Carolinians and Virginians alike, said that although North Carolina and Virginia sometimes differed in opinion, they never differed in affection for each other. Then, after alluding to the great wars of the world in contrast with the war between the States, spoke of ours as the greatest of them all; mentioned briefly the achievements of the Confederates from Bethel to the Seven Days Battles from Richmond to Gettysburg and from Gettysburg to Appomattox, where it should have been said of them that they were not conquered but wearied with victories. The Governor's remarks were happily delivered and received by the audience with great enthusiasm.

Carolina's Representative.

Hon. J. Bryan Grimes, of North Carolina, followed Governor Montague in appropriate and eloquent remarks reciting the deeds of the soldiers of his State and Virginia and alluding to the close ties that bind the two States. His reference to Virginia were extremely cordial. He said in part: Reviewing the history of our republic in peace as well as in war, it will be found that Virginia and North Carolina have always acted in unison. As one people, Virginia's fame in our common heritage and Carolina's glory shares its lustre with you. Virginians and North Carolinians, this is a hallowed scene; the two great states, joined by the living tributes to their dead, mingling their tears at a joint shrine. You are the same people, brothers and sisters of a common ancestry. We came to Bethel 800 strong—the flower of Carolina chivalry. Eager for battle and

TWO OPEN LETTERS

IMPORTANT TO MARRIED WOMEN

Mrs. Mary Dimmick of Washington tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Made Her Well.

It is with great pleasure we publish the following letters, as they convincingly prove the claims we have so many times made in our columns that Mrs.



Mrs. Mary Dimmick

Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., is fully qualified to give helpful advice to sick women. Read Mrs. Dimmick's letters. Her first letter:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— "I have been a sufferer for the past eight years with a trouble which first originated from nervous exhaustion—the pains were excruciating, with inflammation and ulceration of the womb. The doctor says I must have an operation or I cannot live. I do not want to submit to an operation. I can only read this letter and realize what you can do for them."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, Washington, D. C.

Her second letter:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— "You will remember my condition when I last wrote you, and that the doctor said I must have an operation or I could not live. I received your kind letter and followed your advice very carefully and am now entirely well. As my case was so serious it seems a miracle that I am cured. I know that I owe not only my health but my life to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and to your advice. I can walk miles without an ache or a pain, and I wish every suffering woman would read this letter and realize what you can do for them."—Mrs. Mary Dimmick, 50th and East Capitol Streets, Washington, D. C.

How easy it was for Mrs. Dimmick to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and how little it cost her—a two-cent stamp. Yet how valuable was the reply! As Mrs. Dimmick says—saved her life. Mrs. Pinkham has on file thousands of just such letters as the above, and offers ailing women helpful advice.



THE MONUMENT AT BETHEL.

with blazing guns the brightest page in America's history, giving in death 40,725 souls, which was thirty-five per cent. of our military population. We joined hands with you here in 1861, and when the crimson tide of war rolled highest we were with you on the crest of the wave; when the lurid hell of death and defeat glared upon you, we were there. We clung with you at Seven Days and at Chancellorsville, Spotsylvania and Gettysburg, and at Appomattox our guns ceased only after our great chief had surrendered us.

Monument Presented.

The presentation of the monument to the care and custody of the Magruder Chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy, of York County, Va., by William C. L. Taitano, of Hampton, Va., was made in a few well chosen remarks, and was accepted by Mr. W. E. Giffigan, of York County, in an equally felicitous manner. The exercises were closed with the benediction by Rev. E. T. Vellford, of Newport News, Va. The audience then repaired to a grove near the church, where the ladies of the Peninsula had spread a bountiful repast, which was greatly enjoyed by the visitors. The addressers expressed thanks for their attention to their guests.

Among the visitors were Superintendent Thompson and Captain Bradley, of the National Soldiers' Home at Hampton. The latter was a lieutenant in Puryear's regi-

ment of Zouaves, and was in the fight on the "other" side, and greatly enjoyed comparing notes and talking over the incidents of the battle with some of his comrades of forty-four years ago. The Richmond contingent, on their return, while waiting for the train at Mornington, were entertained by Frank Cunningham and Mr. Winter Lane, of Williamsburg, with Confederate songs.

Incidents of the Bethel Fight.

A column of Federal infantry was observed about nine o'clock on the morning of the 10th of June, advancing from the direction of Hampton. The sunlight glistened upon their bayonets as the head of the column emerged from the shadows of the forest. The Parrott rifle gun (of which the writer was gunner) was raised upon the advancing column. Colonel D. H. Hill, who was on horseback near the Parrott gun, gave the word to fire. A sharp report from the rifle gun and the rushing shot was on its way into the ranks of the enemy, and the battle of Bethel had begun. One of our men asked Colonel Hill what time it was, as he wanted to be present about the beginning of the action. Looking at his watch, Colonel Hill replied: "Fifteen minutes to five." "Thank you, sir," the man replied, and he thanked him with great politeness and took his place at his gun. Colonel Hill on relating this incident afterward, said: "I wish I had been in the fight. In a bad before in action."

Colonel Magruder, after making his dispositions for the main line of defense,



MISS FRANCES W. KYLE, of Fayetteville, N. C. Miss Kyle pulled the cord that unveiled the monument at Big Bethel as the representative of the North Carolina Confederate Veterans' Association. She is the daughter of Captain Kyle, traffic agent of the Seaboard Air Line at Fayetteville.

posted to protect his rear, two of the Third Company's men were sent together with a company of infantry and a small squadron of dismounted cavalry. Having done this he gave instructions to the officer in command of this small force, to hold the position to the last extremity; but if attacked by overwhelming numbers to retire in good order on which was based the success of the battle. Being asked by the officer left in command what he should regard as overwhelming numbers, Magruder quickly replied: "By overwhelming numbers I mean if two or three regiments should come against you at once." Then, gracefully lifting his hat, he said, with a charming lisp: "Gentlemen, I wish you good morning and let me add that God never gave a finer day on which to die for one's country." He then rode rapidly away in the direction of the church.

Sergeant Harry Tinsley, of the Third Company Howitzers, gazed on Magruder's retiring form, with his chin dropped on his breast, and with feigned emotion, stammered: "Why, why, he's gone and left us. I wonder if he is coming back presently to die with us? No, he has gone down to the church, where he can have his own funeral handy. That is just the way with these officers. They want the best of everything." Later in the day Tinsley's gun was ordered to the church, and as it was being placed in position for firing, a squabble arose because two of his men, who were in the proper way of serving the vent, which threatened to end in a fistfight. Tinsley stepped between them, and with delicate supervision, said: "If you two young men think you can't postpone your little affair until we have settled the misunderstanding now proceeding with the gunmen directly in front of us, I would advise that you give your places at the gun to someone else, and retire to the ravine below, where in seclusion, you can settle your quarrel to your mutual satisfaction." This quickly settled the dispute.

Colonel Magruder was hit by his gun when Major Winthrop led his assault against our works, which movement was the very crisis of the fight and for a few moments things looked decidedly "squarely." For the first time, in the engagement we were under a severe musketry fire, and heard the spitting hiss of the Minie bullets, several striking the gun in rapid succession. This naturally caused some apprehension, and the men at the gun were delighted to hear Colonel Magruder, who was near us, exclaim: "Oh!—it is nothing but a child's play, as most of us were beginning to take a much more serious view of the situation."

I have recalled these incidents of the fight to show the admirable temper and spirit of the young soldiers of the Howitzer Organization, when receiving their "baptism of fire." While the battle of Bethel did not compare in extent and importance with many fought at a later period, it was remarkable in many respects, and occurring at the time it did, when it was an unsolved problem whether the poorly equipped troops of the South could hold their own against the more numerous and better equipped troops of the North, it did much to give hope and encouragement to the Southern people, and to animate the spirits of the Confederate troops, then fighting the onrush of the enemy at Manassas and other points. The brave front presented by the Confederate troops, on this first battlefield of the war, gave

all difficulties and all dangers, to remain true and steadfast to the last."

HENRY C. CARTER, First-Lieutenant, Third Company, Richmond Howitzers.

MRS. ROOSEVELT BUT BREAKFAST

(Continued From First Page.)

As will be seen, the deed was executed on May 24 last and admitted to record, through Mr. George Perkins, of the Charlottesville, bar, on June 1st. "The deed is as follows: "This indenture, made this twenty-second day of May, in the year nineteen hundred and five (1905), by and between William N. Wilmer (unmarried), party of the first part, and Edith Kermit Roosevelt, wife of Theodore Roosevelt, party of the second part, witnesses: That the said Wilmer, for and in consideration of one dollar and other good and valuable considerations, lawful money of the United States, in hand paid by the said Edith Kermit Roosevelt to the said William N. Wilmer, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, the said William N. Wilmer hereby grants, bargains, sells and conveys unto the said Edith Kermit Roosevelt, all that certain tract, piece or parcel of land situated in the county of Albemarle and State of Virginia, about one and one-half miles in an easterly direction from Keene Postoffice, containing fifteen (15) acres, as shown on a survey thereof made by T. M. Thacker, civil engineer, on May 28, 1904, a copy of which is hereto annexed; and said premises being a portion of the Springfield Farm, which was conveyed to the said William N. Wilmer by Frank C. Moon, by deed dated the 15th day of August, 1904, and duly recorded in the clerk's office of Albemarle county aforesaid, in deed book No. 130, at page 394.

"And the said William N. Wilmer also hereby grants and conveys unto the said Edith Kermit Roosevelt, for the benefit of said lot of land, a right of way over a strip of his adjoining land twenty feet wide, running from the old Scottsville road to the tract of land hereby conveyed, said right of way to be located as designated by dotted lines on the plat hereto annexed.

"To have and to hold said lands, with all and singular the appurtenances thereto in anywise and wherever appertaining unto her, the said Edith Kermit

many places its reliance. The signal corps have been busy for a week getting the artillery wires connected with the Postal and Western Union. It would seem, therefore, that the defenses will use the Cape and adjacent points as observation stations, which, connecting with headquarters by wire, will report the appearance of the enemy.

This morning at 11 o'clock the heavy fall company of guard mount took place on the post parade grounds. A large number of visitors, both army and civilian, sat under the quaint old trees back of the commandant's residence and witnessed the "inspections" and "march past." The post band played excellent music, and its drum major, Wharton, looked grand, as Mr. Kipling's "Mulle-vaney" would say: "Wid a proud step an' a great clish in his tunic."

Attacking Fleet.

The attacking fleet, under Admiral Dickens, will leave Annapolis about midday to-day, and is expected to steam past the fort during the night and proceed quickly to sea.

The fleet will not pause here, for the orders are that its officers are to have no communication with the shore until after the "joint exercises" are a thing of the past.

To such an extent are these orders to be carried out that the artillery officers who were ordered to serve as "observers" on the ships of the fleet were directed to proceed to Annapolis and join the fleet there, instead of waiting in Hampton Roads. Admiral Dickens's fleet will, it is said, begin the attack at 2 o'clock on Monday morning. It is also said that this first attack will be in the nature of a combined attack of his whole fleet, the eighteen warships steaming in openly and drawing the fire of the whole line of batteries, countless.

A Valuable Tip.

An officer in a position to know gave out this information to-day: "If any one really desires to see the 'exercises,' he had better not go to bed until after 2 o'clock on Monday morning. There will probably be something to see in Hampton Roads before that hour."

Not less interesting than the army and navy manoeuvres are the affectionate matrimonial manoeuvres that are taking



The only picture in existence of Mrs. Roosevelt's summer home, in Albemarle, taken a few days ago just before completed for the owner's coming.

Roosevelt, her heirs and assigns forever. And the said William N. Wilmer covenants with the said Edith Kermit Roosevelt that he is seized in fee simple of said land; that he has the perfect right to convey the same; that the same is free from all incumbrance; that he will warrant generally the title to said land, and that he will execute such further assurances as may be requisite to secure the same to the said Edith Kermit Roosevelt, quiet possession and complete enjoyment of said property."

MIDNIGHT WITH ITS IRON TONGUE

(Continued From First Page.)

ocean-going and equipped with wireless telegraphy instruments. It will be their duty to keep an incessant watch throughout the nights of next week and to warn the fort of the approach of the attacking fleet.

Stern Work.

This will be no easy work, for while the searchlights readily find the ships that are painted white, those of war, black and low in the water, like the torpedo boats and destroyers, will slide along like the waves, and in them, it is said, the

How to Get Well.

Every organ of the body is directly connected with the brain by nerves. The nerve cells in the brain generate nerve force—power—and send it to the organ through these nerves, and this nerve-force gives life and action. The organs work perfectly when there is sufficient nerve power. Lack of nerve force weakens the action of an organ and it works imperfectly—becomes sick.

Two-thirds of all sickness is thus due to weak or deranged nerves; it is therefore advisable to take Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerve, because it makes nerve energy.

When you cure the nerves you remove the cause, and that's the way to get well.

"Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerve cured me of nervous prostration after every other effort had failed to give me relief. My trouble seemed to be a general loss of strength and a breaking down of the nervous system. I suffered from headache, counting the years of my life, and I was so nervous and restless that I could not sleep. My only relief came when I took a bottle of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerve. It helped me to get on my feet, and I continued using it until I had taken six bottles. My health was completely restored."

MRS. S. L. M. NORTH, Adams, Mich.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerve is sold by your druggist, who will be glad to give you a full trial. If it fails, he will refund your money. Write to Dr. J. C. Miles, Elkhart, Ind.

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COL. POTTS PROMOTED.

President Away and Cannot Sign Commission.

(From Our Staff Correspondent.)
FORT MONROE, Va., June 10.—Lieutenant-Colonel Ramsey D. Potts, commandant of Fort Monroe and the district of Chesapeake, to-day received information from Washington, that he had been promoted to full colonel.

Colonel Potts's promotion was accepted here with enthusiasm, for he is popular with both officers and men. At the afternoon a street of officers called to congratulate him and there is heard nothing but satisfaction on the commandant's promotion. I received the following telegram to-night from the "Times-Herald" correspondent at Washington: "Lieutenant-Colonel Ramsey D. Potts's name has been sent by the War Office to the President with the request that he be promoted to full colonel."

The President is at his farm in Albemarle county, Va., and will not be able to sign the commission until Monday. The promotion is furnished by Secretary Loeb and Military Secretary Ainsworth.

(Signed) WALTER EDWARD HARRIS.

It is especially appropriate that this honor should have come to Colonel Potts just at this time, when he is commander of the land forces, and is about to engage in the army and navy manoeuvres. Until he receives official information from Washington, he will not meet the "executives" and will not be able to reach Fort Monroe until Tuesday. Lieutenants in Washington, who were in the secret, sent him three sets of eagles (the insignia of his new rank). Colonel Potts is one of the crack artillery officers of the army and his appointment of commandant of this post, which is the most important, is a proof of the regard in which he is held by the War Department.

To-night there was searchlight and battery practice and it is rumored that there will be a call to arms shortly after midnight, in order to try the lights on Admiral Dickens's fleet, which is expected to pass the Port on its way from Annapolis to sea.

WAR TO CEASE WHILE TERMS ARE DEBATED

(Continued From First Page.)

Nicholas Nicolovitch, favored an attempt to conclude peace. Only General Sahharoff, the Minister of War, and General Lobko, from among the ministers, held out for the prosecution of the war.

Attitude of Russia.

There was a wide divergence of opinion as to whether Japan would attempt to impose impossible terms, but the consensus of opinion was that Japan is too wise to desire now to humble its gigantic neighbor and force conditions which

NO PAIN OR ACHE AT 105

Mrs. Louisa Cox, Who Is 105 Years Old, Sleeps Like a Girl, and Says She Does Not Know What It Is to Have a Pain or Ache.



MRS. LOUISA COX.

Her Only Medicine Is DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY, "The Renewer of Youth."

Harrington, Maine, May 20, 1904. Gentlemen,—I am 105 years old. I am well, without a pain or ache. I sleep as well as I did when I was a girl. I use your whiskey and like it very much. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is the only medicine I use. I get water from the well, bring in wood, and do my housework.

MRS. LOUISA COX.

4,000 Centenarians Own Health and Old Age to

Duffey's Pure Malt Whiskey

There are 4,000 men and women in this country alone who have passed the hundred year mark, and nearly every one of them has publicly acknowledged that he or she owes health, strength, continued use of all the faculties, and extreme old age to Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, the great cure and restorative of disease, the true elixir of life. We will send you free a booklet containing portraits and letters of many of these old people, and valuable medical information.

If you would be strong and vigorous, and if you would enjoy the work and pleasures of life to the fullest if you would live to ripe old age without aches and pains, take Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey as directed and avoid all drugs. Doctors say it is the most powerful aid they have in fighting and curing diseases of throat, lungs and stomach, low fevers and all weakening, wasting, nervous, rundown, diseased conditions from whatever cause.

It acts quickly and builds up the whole system. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is used exclusively in leading hospitals. The old reliable family remedy of hundreds of thousands for over 25 years. Its purity is vouched for by chemists and by the fact that it's the only whiskey recognized by the government as a medicine.

Every testimonial is published in good faith and guaranteed.

AVOID SUBSTITUTES.

Be sure you get the genuine Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, sold in bottles only, by all reliable druggists and grocers, or direct, price \$1.00. It is the only absolutely pure medicinal whiskey and contains no alcohol, oil, or any other harmful substance. The "Old Chemist" on the label, and be certain the seal over the cork is unbroken. Duffy's Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

would forever rankle in the heart of Russia and only make peace an armed truce till the Russian empire could make further preparations.

An enduring peace, it was agreed, was impossible if Japan tried to force upon Russia humiliating terms such as the surrender and disarmament of Vladivostok and the absolute limitation of Russia's naval strength in the Pacific.

A formal truce is expected to be proclaimed immediately the place of meeting of the plenipotentiaries has been settled upon.

The Associated Press hears on all sides nothing but the highest commendation of President Roosevelt's action, and if it results in a satisfactory adjustment of terms, it is believed that this act is bound to have a tendency to restore the relations between the United States and Russia to something like the old friendly basis.

Will Receive Deputation.

It is understood that the Emperor has agreed to receive the Moscow deputation on Tuesday next. If Mr. Petrunkovich, who is personally obnoxious to His Majesty, withdraws, Mr. Petrunkovich's activity over the Zemstvo resulted in his exile by Minister Von Plehve. Since his return, as president of the Imperial Agricultural Society of Moscow, he has continued his crusade against the government, circulating revolutionary addresses in the rural districts, for which acts the Imperial patronage was withdrawn from the society.

There is no change in the position of the two armies. Our detachments on the left flank advanced as far as Dagistan, Shimaon, Tonnang, and Imnal, and have been to a time where they encountered resistance by the enemy. Lieutenant-Colonel Shulshitenko was killed in the infantry engagement.

JAPAN WILLING TO REESTABLISH PEACE

The Terms and Conditions Will Guarantee Stability of Imperial Government.

(By Associated Press.)

TOKIO, June 10, 10 P. M.—After acknowledging the receipt of President Roosevelt's letter Minister of Foreign Affairs Komura, in a note to Mr. Griscom, the American Minister, says that the imperial government has given the suggestion of President Roosevelt, the serious consideration to which, coming from the important source, it is justly entitled. Minister Komura's note says that Japan, in the interest of the world, as well as that of Japan, is willing to re-establish peace with Russia, on terms and conditions that will fully guarantee the stability of the imperial government.

Therefore, Japan, in response to the suggestions of President Roosevelt, appoint plenipotentiaries to meet the plenipotentiaries of Russia on equally agreeable and convenient for the purpose of negotiations and concluding terms of peace directly and exclusively between the two belligerent powers.

SPRIDOVITCH SHOT

Attempt Made to Assassinate Lieutenant-Colonel of Secret Service Police.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, June 10—8:10 P. M.—A dis-

WILLARD HAD FINE MEETING

(Continued From First Page.)

favor of working the prisoners on the public roads of the State. The object of imprisonment of men who violate the law was not primarily to punish them, but to reform them, and he believed that this could more effectively be accomplished by giving them outdoor life and plenty of fresh air, enabling them to live and work amid the ennobling influences of nature. By leading them to manufacturing and agricultural pursuits, and honest labor, the State was doing mechanics an injustice, and also other manufacturers, who had to pay a higher price for their labor. They were benefiting the corporation, not the people, whereas they had violated the law of the State, and by working them on the roads the State would receive the benefit, and not a favored firm or company.

Speaker Gratified.

Mr. Willard declared that he had reason to be gratified that his position in favor of a single school books list had been adopted by the other candidates. He had been the first to make the announcement, and the others had adopted his position. In concluding, the speaker touched upon the other planks of his platform, and several times apologized for seeming egotism, but reminded